



Song Book

Song Book
Song-Buch
Recueil des morceaux de musique
Libro de canciones
ソングブック

EN
DE
FR
ES
JA

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A	alla turka	トルコ風に	N	non agitato	激することなく
	allargando	だんだん遅く、		non troppo	はなはだしくなく
	assai	そしてだんだん強く	P	poco	少し
		非常に		poco a poco	少しずつ
C	cantabile	歌うように		poco moto	少し速めのテンポで
	commodo	気楽に		polka	ポルカ
	con affetto	愛情をこめて			(速い4分の2拍子の舞曲)
	con moto	動きを持って	R	rall. / rallent. (rallentando)	だんだん遅く
D	dolce	甘く やわらかに		religioso	厳粛に
E	espress. (espressivo)	表情豊かに		resoluto	決然と
G	grazioso	優雅に	S	scherzando	おどけて
I	in tempo	正確なテンポで		smorz. (smorzando)	だんだん遅く、
L	leggiero	軽く			そしてだんだん弱く
M	ma non troppo	しかし はなはだしくなく		sostenuto	音を十分に保って
	maestoso	荘厳に		sub. (subito)	すぐに
	marcato	1音1音をはっきり弾く			
	marsch	行進曲			
	marziale	行進曲風に			
	meno mosso	今までより遅く			
	molto	きわめて			

Note

- For certain songs, the markings and indications in the display (such as Sharps and flats, time signature and measure) may differ from indication in the notation here.
- The songs, both in their recorded form and in the notation provided here, may differ from the original compositions.
- Chords marked with a star (★) are shown as inversions.
- For Songs in which Styles are used:
 - The left hand part is used for the chord lesson.
 - Chords such as "on C" are not displayed on this device.
 - During chord lesson, playing "on C" or on bass chords may not result in the proper chord sound. Please play as indicated in the LCD.
- The pitch of the sound written in the music score is arranged for optimum pitch when playing with the piano voice.

Single Finger Chords

Chords that can be produced in Single Finger operation are major, minor, seventh and minor seventh. The illustration below shows how to produce the four chord types. (The key of C is used here as an example; other keys follow the same rules. For example, B♭7 is played as B♭ and A.)

Fingered Chords

Using the key of C as an example, the chart below shows the types of chords that can be recognized in the Fingered mode.

■ Fingered Chords in the Key of C

NOTE:

- The chord fingerings listed are all in "root" position, but other inversions can be used—with the following exceptions: m7, m7♭5, 6, m6, sus4, aug, dim7, 7♭5, 6(9).
- Inversion of the 7sus4 and m7(11) chords are not recognized if the notes shown in parentheses are omitted.
- The auto accompaniment will sometimes not change when related chords are played in sequence (e.g. some minor chords followed by the minor seventh).
- Two-note fingerings will produce a chord based on the previously played chord.

Notiz

- Für einige Songs können die Markierungen und Anzeigen im Display, wie z. B. Kreuz, b, Taktart und Takte von den Angaben in dieser Notenschrift abweichen.
- Die Songs können sowohl in aufgenommener Form als auch in der hier zur Verfügung gestellten Notenschrift (Notation) von der Originalkomposition abweichen.
- Mit einem Sternzeichen (★) gekennzeichnete Akkorde sind als Umkehrung dargestellt.
- Für Songs, in denen Styles verwendet werden:
 - Der Part der linken Hand wird für die Akkordübung verwendet.
 - Akkorde wie „mit C im Bass“ werden an diesem Gerät nicht angezeigt.
 - Während einer Akkordübung kann es sein, dass nicht der richtige Akkordklang ertönt, wenn Sie Akkorde „mit C im Bass“ oder mit vom Grundton abweichenden Bassnoten spielen. Bitte spielen Sie wie im LCD angegeben.
- Die Tonhöhe des in der Partitur abgebildeten Sounds wird beim Spielen mit der Klavier-Voice auf die optimale Tonhöhe eingerichtet.

Vereinfachte Akkordgriffe

Per Single Finger-Verfahren können Sie Dur-, Moll-, Sept- und Moll-Septakorde auf einfache Weise spielen. Die rechts abgedruckte Übersicht zeigt Ihnen, wie die vier Akkordarten vereinfacht gegriffen werden. (Diese Beispiele basieren auf der Tonart C-Dur. Dieselben Regeln gelten auch für andere Tonarten. Beispiel: B♭7 wird als B♭ + A gespielt.)

Normale Akkordgriffe

Die rechte Übersicht zeigt, basierend auf der Tonart C-Dur, die Akkordgriffe, die erkannt und umgesetzt werden.

■ Normale Akkordgriffe in C-Dur

NOTIZ:

- Die Akkorde sind alle in "Grundtonposition" aufgelistet, es können mit folgenden Ausnahmen jedoch auch andere Umkehrungen verwendet werden: m7, m7♭5, 6, m6, sus4, aug, dim7, 7♭5, 6(9).
- Die Umkehrungen der Akkorde 7sus4 und m7(11) werden nur erkannt, wenn man sie mit den Noten in Klammern greift.
- Die automatische Baß/Akkord-Begleitung erzeugt unter Umständen keine Variationen, wenn engverwandte Akkorde aufeinanderfolgend gespielt werden (z. B. einige Moll-Akkorde gefolgt von einem Moll-Septakkord).
- Zwei-Noten-Griffe erzeugen einen Akkord, der auf dem zuvor gespielten basiert.

Note

- Pour certains morceaux, les symboles et indications de l'affichage (tels que les dièses, les bémols, les mesures, etc.) peuvent être différents des indications apparaissant dans la notation.
- Les morceaux, qu'ils soient enregistrés ou comme ici, sous forme de notation, peuvent être différents de la composition originale.
- Les accords identifiés par une étoile (★) sont indiqués en tant qu'inversions.
- Pour les morceaux qui utilisent des styles:
 - La partie à main gauche est utilisée pour la leçon pour les accords.
 - Les accords tels que « en C » ne sont pas affichés sur ce périphérique.
 - Pendant la leçon pour les accords, la reproduction d'accords « en C » ou sur basse risque de ne pas produire le son correct. Veuillez les jouer comme indiqué sur l'écran LCD.
- La hauteur de ton du son inscrit sur la partition est réglée sur la valeur optimale en cas de reproduction avec la voix de piano.

Accords à un doigt

Le mode d'exécution d'accord à un doigt permet de produire des accords majeurs, mineurs, de septième et de septième mineure. Les illustrations ci-contre indiquent la façon dont on peut produire les quatre types d'accord. (La clé de C a été choisie dans cet exemple; les mêmes règles s'appliquent aux autres clés. Par exemple, B♭7 est obtenu en jouant B♭ et A.)

Accords à plusieurs doigts

En prenant comme exemple la clé de C, le tableau ci-contre indique les types d'accords qui sont reconnus en mode à plusieurs doigts.

■ Accords à plusieurs doigts de C

NOTE:

- Les doigtés indiqués ci-contre sont tous dans la position "fondamentale", mais d'autres inversions peuvent être utilisées, à part les exceptions suivantes: m7, m7♭5, 6, m6, sus4, aug, dim7, 7♭5, 6(9).
- L'inversion des accords 7sus4 et m7(11) n'est pas reconnue quand les notes indiquées entre parenthèses sont omises.
- L'AUTO ACCOMPANIMENT parfois ne change pas quand les accords en relation sont joués en séquence (c.-à-d., certains accords mineurs suivis d'un accord mineur sur septième).
- Les doigtés à deux notes produiront un accord basé sur l'accord joué précédemment.

Nota

- Para determinadas canciones, las marcas y las indicaciones de la pantalla (como sostenidos o bemoles, la signatura del tiempo y la medida) pueden diferir de la notación que figura aquí.
- Las canciones, tanto en su forma grabada como en la notación que se facilita aquí, pueden diferir de las composiciones originales.
- Los acordes marcados con una estrella (★) se muestran como inversiones.
- Para las canciones en las que se utilizan estilos:
 - La parte de la mano izquierda se utiliza para la lección de acordes.
 - Acordes como “en Do” no aparecen en este dispositivo.
 - Durante la lección de acordes, tocar en “en Do” o en acordes graves podría dar como resultado que el sonido de los acordes no fuera el adecuado. Interprete como se indica en la LCD.
- El tono del sonido que figura en la partitura se ajusta para conseguir el tono óptimo cuando se interpreta la voz de piano.

Acordes de un solo dedo

Los acordes que pueden producirse en la operación Single Finger son mayores, menores, de séptima, y menores de séptima. La ilustración adjunta muestra cómo se producen los cuatro tipos de acordes. (Aquí empleamos la clave de C como ejemplo; las otras claves siguen las mismas reglas. Por ejemplo, B♭7 se toca como B♭ y A.)

Acordes digitados

Using the key of C as an example, the chart below shows the types of chords that can be recognized in the Fingered mode.

■ Acordes digitados en la clave de C

NOTA:

- Los digitados de acordes enumerados están todos en la posición de “nota fundamental”, pero pueden utilizarse otras inversiones, con las excepciones siguientes:
- m7, m7♭5, 6, m6, sus4, aug, dim7, 7♭5, 6(9).
- La inversión de los acordes 7sus4 y m7(11) no se reconoce si se omiten las notas mostradas entre paréntesis.
- Algunas veces, el AUTO ACCOMPANIMENT no cambiará cuando se toquen acordes relacionados en secuencia (por ejemplo, algunos acordes menores seguidos del menor de séptima).
- Los digitados de dos notas producirán un acorde basado en el acorde previamente tocado.

注意文

- 「#」や「♭」がつく音符は、本体LCD では、楽譜と異なる表示になる場合があります。同様に拍子や小節も異なる場合があります。
- 楽譜は原曲と異なる部分があります。
- コード名の上にある★印は転回形を意味します。
- スタイルを使用したソングにおいて:
 - 左手は、コードレッスンになります。
 - (onC)などのコードは、本体では表示されません。
 - コードレッスン時、(onC)などのオンベースコードを弾いても内蔵ソングと同じ音にはなりません。LCDに表示されたとおりに弾いてください。
- 楽譜に記載した音の高さは、ピアノ音色を選んで演奏したときに最適の高さになるようにアレンジされています。

シングルフィンガー

自動伴奏用鍵盤で、3本以内の指を使って、メジャー、マイナー、セブンス、マイナーセブンスのコードを演奏することができます。

フィンガード

自動伴奏用鍵盤でコードの構成音を押さえると、コードが自動的に検出され、そのコードで演奏することができます。

以下「フィンガードのコードの押さえ方」ではC のコードを例としています。

メモ:

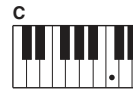
- コード押鍵はすべて基本形で書かれていますが、その転回形も受け付けます。ただし、以下のコードを例外とします。
- m7, m7♭5, 6, m6, sus4, aug, dim7, 7♭5, 6(9)
- 7sus4とm7(11)は、省略した場合のみ転回形は受け付けません。
- 同じようなコードが連続した場合(マイナーセブンスコードに、同じルートマイナーコードが続いた場合など)、オートアカンパニメントの演奏が変化しないことがあります。
- 鍵盤を2つだけ押さえた場合、その前のコードをもとに最適なコードが検出されます。

■ **Fingered Chords in the Key of C /**
Normale Akkordgriffe in C-Dur /
Accords à plusieurs doigts de C /
Acordes digitados en la clave de C /
フィンガーコードの押さえ方



- Notes enclosed in parentheses are optional; the chords will be recognized without them.
- Noten in Klammern brauchen nicht gegriffen zu werden; die Akkorde werden auch ohne sie erkannt.
- Les notes entre parenthèses ne sont pas obligatoires; en effet, les accords seront reconnus même si elles ne sont pas jouées.
- Las notas encerradas entre paréntesis son opcionales; los acordes se reconocen sin ellas.
- カッコ()内の鍵盤は押さなくてもかまいません。

■ **Single Finger Chords in the Key of C /**
Vereinfachte Akkordgriffe in C-Dur /
Accords à un doigt de C /
Acordes de un solo dedo en la clave de C /
シングルフィンガーコードの押さえ方



- To play a major chord: Press the root note of the chord.
- Zum Spielen eines Dur-Akkords: Schlagen Sie die Grundton-Taste des Akkords an.
- Pour jouer un accord majeur: appuyez sur la touche de la note fondamentale de l'accord.
- Para tocar un acorde mayor: Presione la nota fundamental del acorde.
- ルートキー(根音)を押さえてください。



- To play a minor chord: Press the root note together with the nearest black key to the left of it.
- Zum Spielen eines Moll-Akkords: Schlagen Sie die Grundton-Taste des Akkords zusammen mit der nächsten schwarzen Taste links davon an.
- Pour jouer un accord mineur: appuyez sur la touche de la note fondamentale de l'accord en même temps que la touche noire la plus proche placée à gauche de celle-ci.
- Para tocar un acorde menor: Presione la nota fundamental junto con la tecla negra más cercana a la izquierda de la misma.
- ルートキーと、ルートキーに一番近い左側の黒鍵を同時に押さえてください。



- To play a seventh chord: Press the root note together with the nearest white key to the left of it.
- Zum Spielen eines Septakkords: Schlagen Sie die Grundton-Taste des Akkords zusammen mit der nächsten weißen Taste links davon an.
- Pour jouer un accord de septième: appuyez sur la touche de la note fondamentale de l'accord en même temps que la touche blanche la plus proche placée à gauche de celle-ci.
- Para tocar un acorde de séptima: Presione la nota fundamental junto con la tecla blanca más cercana a la izquierda de la misma.
- ルートキーと、ルートキーに一番近い左側の白鍵を同時に押さえてください。



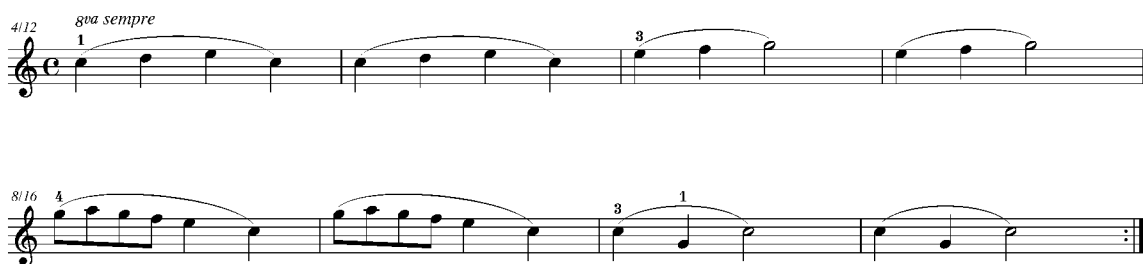
- To play a minor seventh chord: Press the root note together with the nearest white and black keys to the left of it (three keys altogether).
- Zum Spielen eines Moll-Septakkords: Schlagen Sie die Grundton-Taste des Akkords zusammen mit der nächsten weißen und schwarzen Taste links davon an (insgesamt drei Tasten).
- Pour jouer un accord mineur de septième: appuyez sur la touche de la note fondamentale de l'accord en même temps que les touches blanche et noire les plus proches placées à gauche de celle-ci (trois touches en même temps).
- Para tocar un acorde menor de séptima: Presione la nota fundamental junto con las teclas blanca y negra más cercanas a la izquierda de la misma (tres teclas en total).
- ルートキーと、ルートキーに一番近い左側の黒鍵と白鍵を同時に押さえてください。

Song No. 004
Tempo ♩=94

Frère Jacques

フレール・ジャック

Melody Voice
Celesta

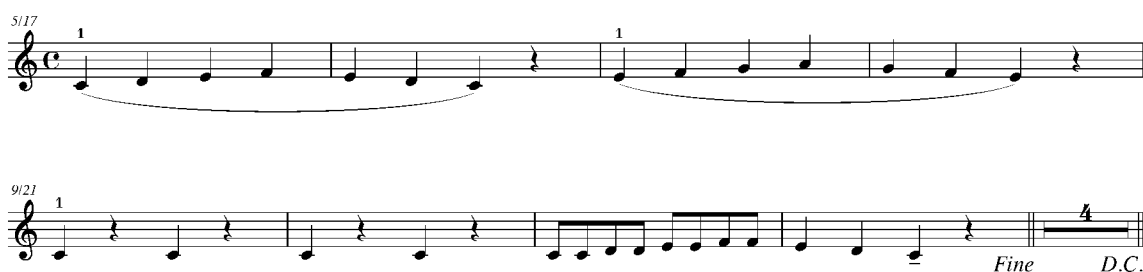


Song No. 005
Tempo ♩=120

Der Froschgesang

がっしょう
かえるの合 唱

Melody Voice
Square Lead 2



Song No. 006
Tempo ♩=88

Aura Lee

オーラ・リー

Melody Voice
Soprano Sax

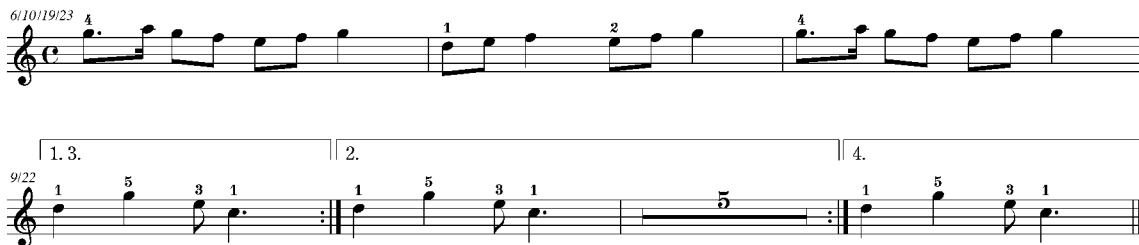


Song No. 007
Tempo ♩ = 110

London Bridge

はし
ロンドン橋

Melody Voice
Accordion



Song No. 008
Tempo ♩ = 112

Sur le pont d'Avignon

はし うえ
アビニョンの橋の上で

Melody Voice
Accordion



Song No. 009
Tempo ♩ = 102

Nedelka

いっしゅうかん
一週間

Melody Voice
Accordion



Song No. 010
Tempo ♩ = 96

Aloha Oe

アロハ・オエ

Melody Voice
Vibraphone

♪ = ♩³ ♩

4 1 3 5 2 4

9 3 1

13 2 3

17 4 1

21 2 3 2 1 3 2

25 1 2 1 1

29 3

33

Song No. 011
Tempo ♩ = 106

Sippin' Cider Through a Straw

もり
森のくまさん

Melody Voice
Funky Lead

Musical score for 'Sippin' Cider Through a Straw'. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature (C). It consists of four staves of music. The first staff starts at measure 4 and includes a triplet of eighth notes. The second staff starts at measure 8/16/28 and includes a triplet of eighth notes. The third staff starts at measure 12 and includes a first ending bracket. The fourth staff starts at measure 32 and includes a triplet of eighth notes and a first ending bracket.

Song No. 012
Tempo ♩ = 90

Old Folks at Home

こきょう ひとびと
故郷の人々

Melody Voice
Harmonica 1

Musical score for 'Old Folks at Home'. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature (C). It consists of three staves of music. The first staff starts at measure 3/11 and includes a triplet of eighth notes. The second staff starts at measure 8/16 and includes a triplet of eighth notes and a first ending bracket. The third staff starts at measure 21 and includes a triplet of eighth notes and a first ending bracket. Dynamics markings include *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Song No. 013
Tempo ♩=94

Bury Me Not on the Lone Prairie

えきばしゃ
駅馬車

Melody Voice
Harmonica 1

4 1 2 5 1 3

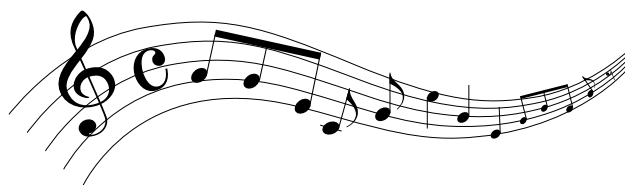
9/17 5 1 2 1

21 5 1

25 5

29 3 1 3

33 5 *rit.*



Song No. 015
Tempo ♩ = 92

Santa Lucia

サンタ・ルチア

Melody Voice
Nylon Guitar

Andantino



Song No. 016
Tempo ♩ = 120

If You're Happy and You Know It

しあわ て
幸 せなら手をたたこう

Melody Voice
Fargo



Song No. 017
Tempo ♩ = 69

Beautiful Dreamer

ゆめみ きみ
夢見る君

Melody Voice
Clarinet

The musical score is written for Clarinet in B-flat major, 3/4 time, with a tempo of 69 beats per minute. It consists of five staves of music, each containing measures 3 through 18. The notation includes various musical symbols such as treble clef, key signature (two flats), time signature, and dynamic markings (mp, mf). The melody is characterized by flowing eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped in triplets and connected by slurs. Fingerings (1-5) and breath marks (vertical lines) are indicated throughout the score. The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the fifth staff.

3 5 2 1 3 5 3 5 3 3

mp

7 5 3 3 5 2 4 3

11 5 3 4 2 5 3 3

mf

15 5 3 3 3 3 3

mp

18 3 5 1 4 3

mf

Greensleeves

グリーンスリーブス

Melody Voice
Oboe

Lento Moderato

p cantabile

mp

p

Song No. 020
Tempo ♩ = 110

Holdilia Cook

やま
山のごちそう

Melody Voice
Clarinet



Song No. 021
Tempo ♩=114

Ring de Banjo

な
バンジョーをかき鳴らせ

Melody Voice
Trumpet

6 *f*

12

17

23

29

37

42

Song No. 022
Tempo ♩=130

La Cucaracha

ラ・クカラーチャ

Melody Voice
Trumpet



Song No. 023
Tempo ♩=132

Funiculi Funicula

フニクリ・フニクラ

Melody Voice
Trumpet



Trombone

[illegible]

Song No. 024
Tempo ♩ = 72

Largo (from the New World)

いえじ
家路

Melody Voice
English Horn

Largo

The musical score is written for English Horn in G major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of 72 beats per minute. It consists of six staves of music, each containing measures 9 through 29. The notation includes various musical symbols such as treble clefs, time signatures, and note values. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above notes. Slurs and ties are used to connect notes across measures. The score is divided into two systems, with the first system containing measures 9-16 and the second system containing measures 17-29. The final measure (29) ends with a double bar line.

9 3 5 2

13 3 2

17 3 5 3

21 3

25 3 2

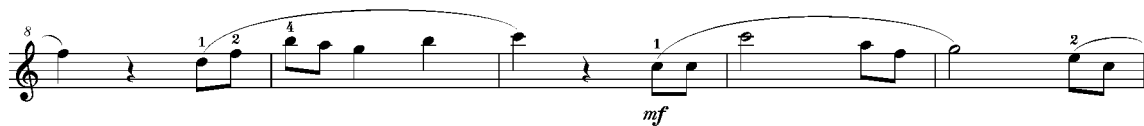
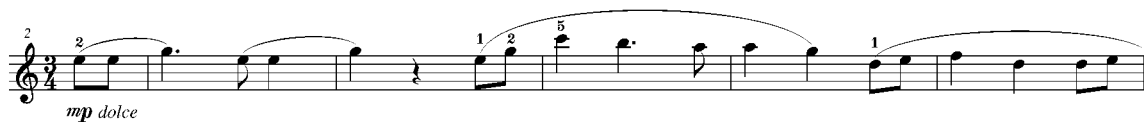
29 1 3 1 3 4 3

Song No. 025
Tempo ♩=72

Brahms' Lullaby

こもりうた
ブラームスの子守歌

Melody Voice
Flute



Song No. 026
Tempo ♩=120

Liebesträume Nr.3

あい ゆめ だい ばん
愛の夢 第3番

Melody Voice

Clarinet (V1)

Strings 1 (V2)

Poco Allegro con affetto

2 (V1)

mf dolce

8

13

mf

17

dim.

22

Strings

27

31

35

(V2)

Maestoso

3 4 2 3

mf

9 2 1

15 4 *f*

21 3

27 *allargando* 5

a tempo

33 2 5

39 4 ^

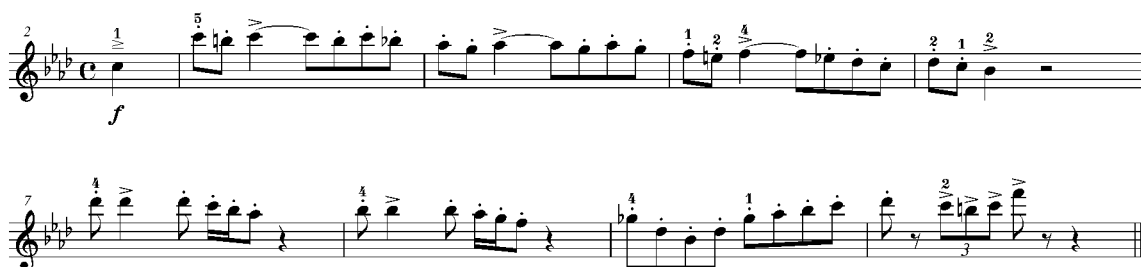
Song No. 028
Tempo ♩=108

Chanson du Toreador

とうぎゅうし うた
闘牛士の歌

Melody Voice
Strings 3

Resoluto



Song No. 029
Tempo ♩=72

Jupiter, the Bringer of Jollity

もくせい くみきょく わくせい
木星 (組曲「惑星」より)

Melody Voice
Strings 2

Andante maestoso



Song No. 030
Tempo ♩ = 64

The Polovetsian Dances

じん おど
ダッタン人の踊り

Melody Voice

Oboe (V1)

Strings 2 (V2)

Andantino

(V1)

11 *p*

15

19

23

(V2)

27 *mf*

31

35

39

Die Moldau

こうきょうし わ そこく
モルダウ (交響詩「我が祖国」より)

Allegro comodo non agitato

4 1 2 1 3

mp dolce sf

9/17 1.

20 2.

mf sf

24 3 1 1 3

sf

29 *sf sf sf*

34 *ff sf sf*

39 *sf*

Song No. 032
Tempo ♩=80

Salut d'Amour op.12

あい
愛のあいさつ

Melody Voice
Strings 1

Andantino

3/19 5 4 1 4 5

9/25 3 4 1 5

15/31 1. 2.

Song No. 033
Tempo ♩=98

Humoresques

ユーモレスク

Melody Voice
Strings 3

Grazioso

3/11 1 1 3 5 2

mp

7/15 1 1 2 5

19 *meno mosso* *mf* *p*

23 *rit.*

27 **Tempo I** *mp*

31 *rit.*

Song No. 034
Tempo ♩ = 133

Symphony No.9 (from the New World - 4th movement)

Melody Voice
Trombone 1 (V1)
Strings 1 (V2)

こうきょうきょくだい ばん しんせかい だい がくしょう
交響曲第9番「新世界より」第4楽章

(V1)

10/18/34 *marcato*
3
ff

14/22/38

Fine

(V2)

26
3

30
1
D.C.

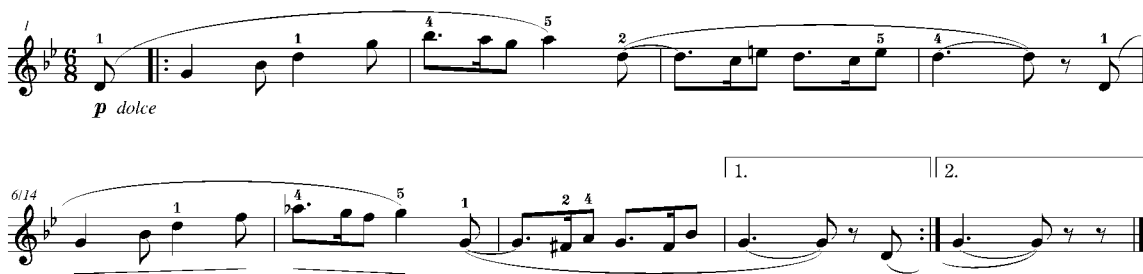
Song No. 035
Tempo ♩=146

Sicilienne/Fauré

フォーレのシチリアーノ

Melody Voice
Flute

Allegretto molto moderato



Song No. 036
Tempo ♩=78

Swan Lake

はくちょう みずうみ
白鳥の湖

Melody Voice
Oboe

Moderato



Song No. 037
Tempo ♩=116

Grand March (Aida)

がいせんこうしんきょく
凱 旋 行 進 曲 (「アイダ」より)

Melody Voice
Brass Section

Maestoso

Musical score for Grand March (Aida) in G major, 2/4 time. The score is written for the Brass Section. It consists of five staves of music. The tempo is Maestoso. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 2/4. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (mf, f, p). Fingerings and articulations are indicated by numbers and dots above notes. The score ends with a double bar line.

Song No. 038
Tempo ♩=108

Serenade for Strings in C major, op.48

げんぐく
弦 楽 セレナード

Melody Voice
Strings 2

Andante non troppo

Musical score for Serenade for Strings in C major, op.48 in C major, 6/8 time. The score is written for the Strings 2 section. It consists of three staves of music. The tempo is Andante non troppo. The key signature has no sharps or flats. The time signature is 6/8. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (f, ff, sf). Fingerings and articulations are indicated by numbers and dots above notes. The score ends with a double bar line.

Song No. 039
Tempo ♩ = 79

Pizzicato Polka

ピチカート・ポルカ

Melody Voice
Pizzicato Strings

Polka

4 *p*

9 *f*

13

18

23 *p*

28

Detailed description: This block contains the musical notation for the first piece, 'Pizzicato Polka'. It consists of six staves of music in 2/4 time. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The piece starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic and ends with a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measure numbers 4, 9, 13, 18, 23, and 28 are marked at the beginning of their respective staves.

Song No. 040
Tempo ♩ = 88

Romance de Amor

あい
愛のロマンス

Melody Voice
Nylon Guitar

5

10

15 *rit.*

Detailed description: This block contains the musical notation for the second piece, 'Romance de Amor'. It consists of three staves of music in 3/4 time. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The piece starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic and ends with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking. Measure numbers 5, 10, and 15 are marked at the beginning of their respective staves.

Song No. 041
Tempo ♩ = 116

Menuett BWV. Anh.114

バッハのメヌエット BWV.Anh.114

Melody Voice
Harpsichord 1

5/21

mf

9/25

1 2 5 1

13/29

2 1

17/33

2 3 1 2 1 1 1

37/53

2

41/57

1 3 1 4 1 1

45/61

49/65

Song No. 042
Tempo ♩=76

Ave Verum Corpus

アベ・ベルム・コルプス

Melody Voice
Organ Flute

Adagio

Strings

33

2 1 1 5 2

38

5 3 5 2 5 2 1 2

1 2 1



Ten Little Indians

にん
10人のインディアン

I



The Cuckoo

かっこう

The musical score is written for two parts, I and II, in 3/4 time. It consists of six systems of staves. The first system (measures 1-4) features a 4-measure rest in both parts, followed by a melody in part I and a supporting line in part II. The second system (measures 5-8) continues the melody in part I and the supporting line in part II. The third system (measures 9-12) shows a more complex melodic line in part I and a corresponding supporting line in part II. The fourth system (measures 13-16) features a melody in part I and a supporting line in part II. The fifth system (measures 17-20) continues the melody in part I and the supporting line in part II. The sixth system (measures 21-24) features a melody in part I and a supporting line in part II, with a 4-measure rest in both parts at the end.





Close Your Hands, Open Your Hands

むすんでひらいて

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Sheet music for "Close Your Hands, Open Your Hands" (むすんでひらいて) in C major, 4/4 time, featuring a Duet for Melody Voice and Grand Piano.

The score is divided into six systems, each with a treble and bass staff. Measure numbers 1, 7, 11, 15, 22, and 26 are indicated at the start of their respective systems.

Key features of the notation include:

- Measures 1-4:** Treble staff has a whole note chord (C4, E4, G4) with a 4-measure rest. Bass staff has a whole note chord (C3, E3, G3) with a 4-measure rest.
- Measures 7-10:** Treble staff: G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), B4 (quarter), C5 (quarter). Bass staff: C4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), F4 (quarter).
- Measures 11-14:** Treble staff: G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), B4 (quarter), C5 (quarter). Bass staff: C4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), F4 (quarter).
- Measures 15-18:** Treble staff: G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), B4 (quarter), C5 (quarter). Bass staff: C4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), F4 (quarter).
- Measures 22-25:** Treble staff: G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), B4 (quarter), C5 (quarter). Bass staff: C4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), F4 (quarter).
- Measures 26-29:** Treble staff: G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), B4 (quarter), C5 (quarter). Bass staff: C4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), F4 (quarter).



O du lieber Augustin

かわいいオーガスティン

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Sheet music for "O du lieber Augustin" (Melody Voice and Grand Piano).

The score is written for two parts: I (Melody Voice) and II (Grand Piano). The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 156.

The music is divided into measures, with measure numbers 1, 7, 11, 15, 19, and 23 indicated at the start of each system.

Measure 1: Part I starts with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter rest, then a quarter note A4. Part II has a whole rest.

Measure 7: Part I has a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, then a quarter note Bb4. Part II has a whole rest.

Measure 11: Part I has a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, then a quarter note Bb4. Part II has a quarter note G3, followed by a quarter note A3, then a quarter note Bb3.

Measure 15: Part I has a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, then a quarter note Bb4. Part II has a quarter note G3, followed by a quarter note A3, then a quarter note Bb3.

Measure 19: Part I has a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, then a quarter note Bb4. Part II has a quarter note G3, followed by a quarter note A3, then a quarter note Bb3.

Measure 23: Part I has a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, then a quarter note Bb4. Part II has a quarter note G3, followed by a quarter note A3, then a quarter note Bb3.

27

Measures 27-30. Treble clef: Measure 27 has a chord (F4, A4, C5), measure 28 has a chord (F4, A4, C5), measure 29 has a melody (F4, A4, C5), and measure 30 has a melody (F4, A4, C5). Bass clef: Measure 27 has a melody (F3, A3, C4), measure 28 has a rest, measure 29 has a rest, and measure 30 has a rest.

31

Measures 31-34. Treble clef: Measure 31 has a rest, measure 32 has a rest, measure 33 has a melody (F4, A4, C5), and measure 34 has a melody (F4, A4, C5). Bass clef: Measure 31 has a melody (F3, A3, C4), measure 32 has a melody (F3, A3, C4), measure 33 has a melody (F3, A3, C4), and measure 34 has a melody (F3, A3, C4).

35

Measures 35-37. Treble clef: Measure 35 has a melody (F4, A4, C5), measure 36 has a rest, and measure 37 has a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5). Bass clef: Measure 35 has a melody (F3, A3, C4), measure 36 has a rest, and measure 37 has a whole note chord (F3, A3, C4).

Song No. 047
Tempo ♩=88

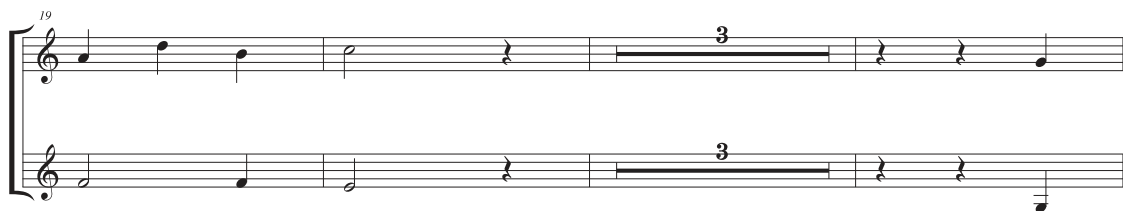


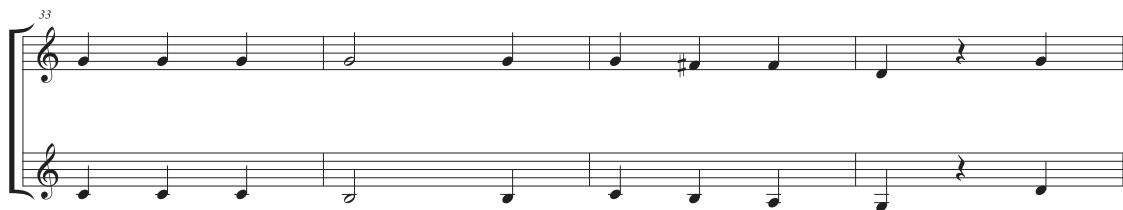
DUET

We Wish You A Merry Christmas

おめでとうクリスマス

Melody Voice
Grand Piano







London Bridge

ぼし
ロンドン橋

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

I 5

II 5

7

7

11

11

15

15

20

20

24

24

Song No. 049
Tempo ♩ = 128



Scarborough Fair

スカボロ・フェア

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

I

II

11

16

21

26

31

36

41

46

51

56

61

66

71

76

Song No. 050
Tempo ♩ = 90



DUET

Twinkle Twinkle Little Star

ほし
きらきら星

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

I

II

7

11

15

19

23

5

5



O Christmas Tree

き
もみの木

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

I 

II 











(gva)-----



Pop Goes The Weasel

ポップ・ゴーズ・ザ・ウィズル

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

♩=106 (♩=159)

I

II

7

11

15

19

23

The musical score is written for two parts, I and II, in 6/8 time. The tempo is 106 beats per minute, with a note indicating that the quarter note (♩) is equivalent to 159 in a different context. The key signature has one flat (Bb). The score consists of six systems of two staves each. Part I is the treble clef and Part II is the bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing rests. The first system starts with a 4-measure rest in both parts. The second system starts with a 7-measure rest in Part I. The third system starts with an 11-measure rest in Part I. The fourth system starts with a 15-measure rest in Part I. The fifth system starts with a 19-measure rest in Part I. The sixth system starts with a 23-measure rest in Part I. The music is a simple, catchy melody that is easy to play on a grand piano.





Mary Had a Little Lamb

メリーさんのひつじ

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Sheet music for "Mary Had a Little Lamb" (メリーさんのひつじ), featuring Melody Voice and Grand Piano. The music is in 2/4 time, with a tempo of 120 beats per minute. The score is written for two parts: I (Melody Voice) and II (Grand Piano).

The score is divided into systems, with measures numbered 1, 7, 11, 15, 19, and 24. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major or D minor).

System 1 (Measures 1-4): Part I begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The melody starts with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. Part II begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The bass line starts with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G3, a quarter note A3, and a quarter note B3.

System 2 (Measures 5-8): Part I continues with a quarter note C5, a quarter note B4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note G4. Part II continues with a quarter note C4, a quarter note B3, a quarter note A3, and a quarter note G3.

System 3 (Measures 9-12): Part I continues with a quarter note F4, a quarter note E4, a quarter note D4, and a quarter note C4. Part II continues with a quarter note F3, a quarter note E3, a quarter note D3, and a quarter note C3.

System 4 (Measures 13-16): Part I continues with a quarter note B3, a quarter note A3, a quarter note G3, and a quarter note F3. Part II continues with a quarter note B2, a quarter note A2, a quarter note G2, and a quarter note F2.

System 5 (Measures 17-20): Part I continues with a quarter note E3, a quarter note D3, a quarter note C3, and a quarter note B2. Part II continues with a quarter note E2, a quarter note D2, a quarter note C2, and a quarter note B1.

System 6 (Measures 21-24): Part I continues with a quarter note A2, a quarter note G2, a quarter note F2, and a quarter note E2. Part II continues with a quarter note A1, a quarter note G1, a quarter note F1, and a quarter note E1.





Row Row Row Your Boat

こげこげボート

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

The musical score is written for two parts, I and II, in common time (C). The tempo is marked as 120 beats per minute. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major or D-flat minor). The score consists of six systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The melody is primarily in the treble staff, with the bass staff providing harmonic support. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and rests. There are also triplets and four-measure rests indicated by the number '4'. The piece concludes with a double bar line.



On Top of Old Smoky

オン・トップ・オブ・オールド・スモーキー

I 8

II 8

11

16

21

26

31

36

41

46

51

56

61

66

Musical score for measures 66-70. The system consists of two staves, Treble and Bass. Measure 66: Treble has a half note G4, Bass has a half note G3. Measure 67: Treble has a half note A4, Bass has a half note A3. Measure 68: Treble has a quarter rest, Bass has a quarter rest. Measure 69: Treble has a quarter note B4, Bass has a quarter note B3. Measure 70: Treble has a quarter note C5, Bass has a quarter note C4. Both staves end with a half note G4/G3 tied to the next measure.

71

Musical score for measures 71-74. The system consists of two staves, Treble and Bass. Measure 71: Treble has a half note G4, Bass has a half note G3. Measure 72: Treble has a half note A4, Bass has a half note A3. Measure 73: Treble has a half note B4, Bass has a half note B3. Measure 74: Treble has a half note C5, Bass has a half note C4. Both staves end with a half note G4/G3 tied to the next measure. The word *rit.* is written above the Bass staff in measure 71.

Song No. 059
Tempo ♩=104

Joy to the World

もろびとこぞりて

Melody Voice

Pipe Organ 1

Style

GerMarch



1 C 2 5 C 1 3 G7 C 2

5/15 F G7 C 5 3 5 3

9/19 G7 C F C G7 C 4

23 F C G7 C

Song No. 060
Tempo ♩=130

Little Brown Jug

ちゃいろ こびん
茶 色 の 小 瓶

Melody Voice

Grand Piano

Style

Swing 1



1 C 4 1 F6 F#dim7

7/15 G7 C F6 F#dim7 2

11/19 G7 1. C 2. C 3

Song No. 061
Tempo ♩ = 120

Yankee Doodle

いちまんじゃく
アルプス一万尺

Melody Voice

Trumpet

Style

Reel



1 C C G7 C F G (2x G7)

4/8 C F G7 C F C

12 F C G7 C F C

16 F C G7 C 3

The musical score is written in 4/8 time and consists of four staves. The first staff begins with a C chord and a whole rest, followed by a series of eighth notes and a triplet. The second staff continues the melody with various chords and fingerings. The third and fourth staves complete the piece with a final triplet and a double bar line.

Song No. 062
Tempo ♩=104

My Darling Clementine

いと
愛しのクレメンタイン

Melody Voice

Clarinet

Style

CntryWlz



Musical score for Clarinet, showing measures 1 through 18. The key signature is one flat (Bb) and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes various musical notations such as treble clef, notes, rests, and triplets. Chord symbols (C, A7, Dm, G7) are placed above the staff to indicate the harmonic structure. Measure numbers 1, 6, 10, 14, and 18 are indicated at the start of their respective staves.

Song No. 064
Tempo ♩=152

My Bonnie

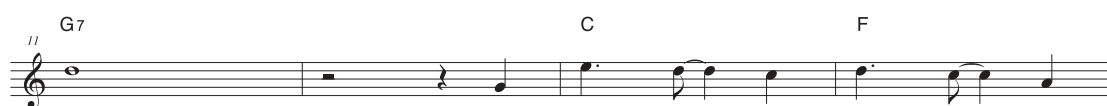
マイ・ボニー

Melody Voice

Alto Sax

Style

CroTwist



Song No. 065
Tempo ♩ = 96

When the Saints Go Marching In

せいじゃ こうしん
聖者の行進

Melody Voice

Trumpet

Style

Cntry2/4



1 C G C

5 G7 C C7 F

9 C G7 C

13 G7 C C7 F

17 C G7 C G7

23 C C7 F C G7 C

27 G7

31 C C7 F C G7 C

The musical score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a 2/4 time signature. It consists of 31 measures. The notes are as follows:

- Measure 1: Rest
- Measure 2: Rest
- Measure 3: G4 (quarter note)
- Measure 4: A4 (quarter note)
- Measure 5: Bb4 (quarter note)
- Measure 6: A4 (quarter note)
- Measure 7: G4 (quarter note)
- Measure 8: F4 (quarter note)
- Measure 9: E4 (quarter note)
- Measure 10: D4 (quarter note)
- Measure 11: C4 (half note)
- Measure 12: Bb4 (quarter note)
- Measure 13: A4 (quarter note)
- Measure 14: G4 (quarter note)
- Measure 15: F4 (quarter note)
- Measure 16: E4 (quarter note)
- Measure 17: D4 (quarter note)
- Measure 18: C4 (half note)
- Measure 19: Bb4 (quarter note)
- Measure 20: A4 (quarter note)
- Measure 21: G4 (quarter note)
- Measure 22: F4 (quarter note)
- Measure 23: E4 (quarter note)
- Measure 24: D4 (quarter note)
- Measure 25: C4 (half note)
- Measure 26: Bb4 (quarter note)
- Measure 27: A4 (quarter note)
- Measure 28: G4 (quarter note)
- Measure 29: F4 (quarter note)
- Measure 30: E4 (quarter note)
- Measure 31: D4 (quarter note)

Song No. 066
Tempo ♩ = 198

The Danube Waves

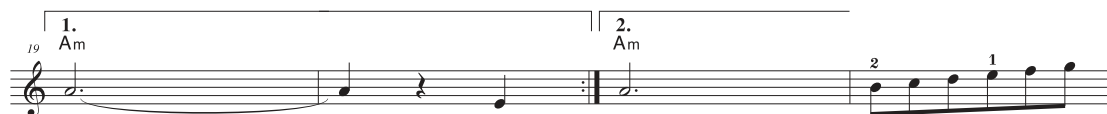
がわ なみ
ドナウ川のさざ波

Melody Voice

Grand Piano

Style

VienWltz



Song No. 067
Tempo ♩=164

Battle Hymn of the Republic

さんか
リパブリック讃歌

Melody Voice

Trumpet

Style

Boogie



1 C C

8 C7 F C

13 E7 Am

18 F G7 C F C

23 C7 F

28 C E7

33 Am F G7 C

4

Song No. 068
Tempo ♩ = 120

I've Been Working On The Railroad

せんろ つづ
線路は続くよどこまでも

Melody Voice

Grand Piano

Style

PnoSwing



Musical score for the piano accompaniment of "I've Been Working On The Railroad". The score is written in treble clef, 2/4 time, and consists of five staves. The key signature is one flat (Bb).

Staff 1: Measures 1-4. Chords: C (measures 1-2), C (measure 3), F (measure 4). A triplet of eighth notes (G4, A4, B4) is marked above measure 1.

Staff 2: Measures 5-8. Chords: C (measures 5-6), D7 (measures 7-8).

Staff 3: Measures 9-12. Chords: G7 (measures 9-10), C (measures 11-12).

Staff 4: Measures 13-16. Chords: E7 (measures 13-14), F (measure 15), F#dim (measure 16).

Staff 5: Measures 17-20. Chords: G7 (measures 17-18), C (measures 19-20). A triplet of eighth notes (G4, A4, B4) is marked above measure 19.

Song No. 069
Tempo ♩ = 88

Grandfather's Clock

おお ふるとけい
大きな古時計

Melody Voice

Grand Piano

Style

Arpeggio



Song No. 070
Tempo ♩=150

Bill Bailey (Won't You Please Come Home)

かえ
ビル・ベイリ (帰っておいでよ)

Melody Voice

Harmonica 1

Style

CntrySwg

Chord diagrams for the first system:

- C^{dim}7
- Dm7
- G7⁽¹³⁾
- C7
- F
- F^{dim}
- ★A7
- G7⁽⁹⁾

Chord diagrams for the second system:

- C
- G7⁽⁹⁾

Chord diagrams for the third system:

- C
- C^{dim}7
- Dm7
- G7^(b13)
- C

Chord diagrams for the fourth system:

- C7
- F

Chord diagrams for the fifth system:

- F^{dim}
- C
- A7

Chord diagrams for the sixth system:

- Dm7
- G7
- C

Musical notation for the first system:

1 C 4 2 1

Musical notation for the second system:

8 4 G7⁽⁹⁾

Musical notation for the third system:

13 4

Musical notation for the fourth system:

18 C C^{dim}7 Dm7 G7^(b13) C

Musical notation for the fifth system:

23 C7 F

Musical notation for the sixth system:

28 F^{dim} C A7

Musical notation for the seventh system:

32 Dm7 G7 C 2

Song No. 071
Tempo ♩=180

Down by the Riverside

ダウン・バイ・ザ・リバーサイド

Melody Voice

Grand Piano

Style

Dixie





Song No. 072
Tempo ♩ = 128

Camptown Races

くさけいは
草競馬

Melody Voice
Accordion
Style
Blgrass



Song No. 073
Tempo ♩=150

When Irish Eyes Are Smiling

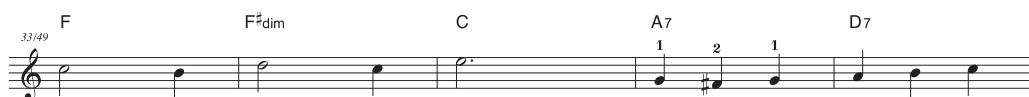
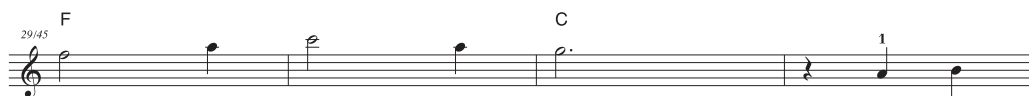
アイルランド人のほほえみは

Melody Voice

Grand Piano

Style

EngWaltz

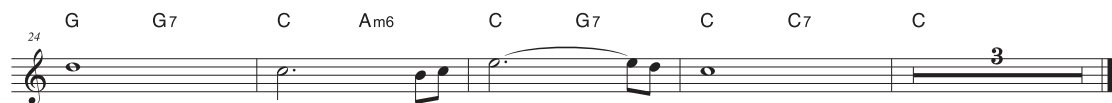
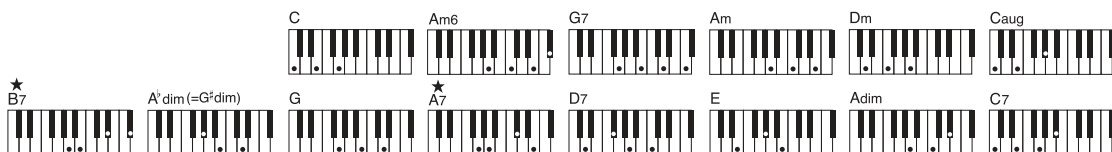


Song No. 074
Tempo ♩=65

Ave Maria

シューベルトのアベマリア

Melody Voice
Soprano Sax
Style
PianoBld

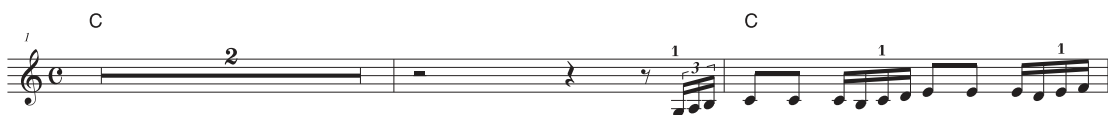


Song No. 075
Tempo ♩ = 120

American Patrol

アメリカンパトロール

Melody Voice
Clarinet
Style
USMarch



Song No. 076
Tempo ♩=155

Valse Des Fleurs (From "The Nutcracker")

はな わ にんぎょう
花のワルツ (くるみ割り人形より)

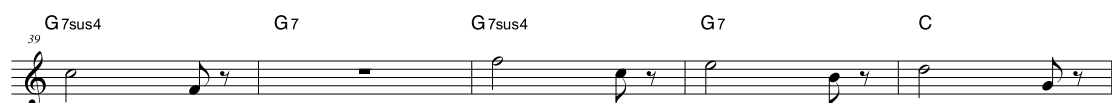
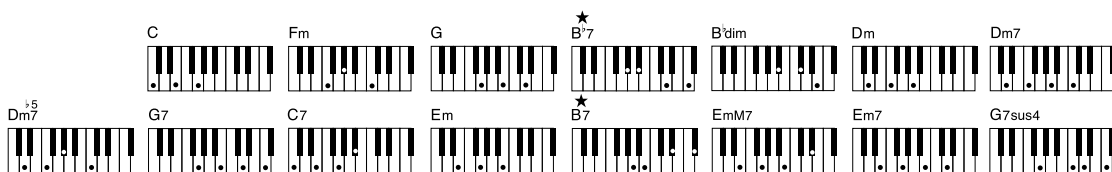
Melody Voice

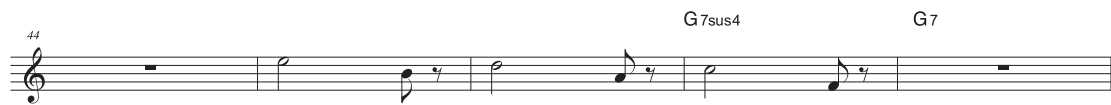
French Horn 1 (V1)

Strings 1 (V2)

Style

VienWltz





Song No. 077
Tempo ♩=200

Frühlingsstimmen

えんぶきよく はる こえ
円舞曲「春の声」

Melody Voice

Strings 1

Style

VienWltz



8va-----, B^b

1

6

B^b 1 3 4

12

F7 2

17

1 4 1 4 1

22

B^b

27

B^b7 E^b 1

32

E^{dim}7 B^b E^{dim}7 B^b E^{dim}7

37

B^b F7 B^b 5 F

42

C7

52 B^b



Musical notation for measure 52. The staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The measure contains a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes: B4 (quarter), A4-B4 (beamed eighth notes), G4 (quarter), F4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), C4 (quarter), and B3 (quarter). The measure ends with a double bar line.

Song No. 078
Tempo ♩ = 100

Wenn ich ein Vöglein wär

ことり
小鳥ならば

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Piano score for the song "Wenn ich ein Vöglein wär" (ことり 小鳥ならば). The score is written for piano (mp) and includes a melody line and a bass line. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into three systems, each containing two staves (treble and bass clef). The first system (measures 6-9) features a melody line starting with a quarter note G4, followed by a half note A4, and a bass line starting with a quarter note F3, followed by a half note G2. The second system (measures 10-13) features a melody line starting with a quarter note A4, followed by a half note B4, and a bass line starting with a quarter note G2, followed by a half note F2. The third system (measures 14-17) features a melody line starting with a quarter note A4, followed by a half note B4, and a bass line starting with a quarter note G2, followed by a half note F2. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Die Lorelei

ローレライ

Moderato

4 1 3 4 3

mf

5 3 5 2 5 5

10 1

5

15 3 4 2

5 5

21 1 1 3 5 3 2

5 5 5

26 1 1

mf

5 4 4 4 3

31 *rit.* 5 *a tempo* 4 3

1 5 5

Song No. 080
Tempo ♩ = 79

Home Sweet Home

はにゅう やど
埴生の宿

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

2 1 3 4 1

mp

3 2

7 3 2

mf

3

11 5 3 5 2

3 3

15 5 3 5

19 5 3 2 5 3

mf

2 4 3

24 3 4 2 1

dim.

poco rit.

p

3 2 2 1 2-1 2 3 5

Song No. 081
Tempo ♩ = 104

Scarborough Fair

スカボロ・フェア

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

This musical score is for the song "Scarborough Fair" (スカボロ・フェア), identified by Song No. 081 and a tempo of 104 beats per minute. The score is written for a piano accompaniment, featuring a melody voice and grand piano. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into six systems, each containing a treble and bass staff. The first system (measures 9-13) begins with a melody voice marked *mp* (mezzo-piano) and a bass line marked *5*. The second system (measures 14-19) features a melody voice marked *mf* (mezzo-forte) and a bass line marked *3*. The third system (measures 20-25) features a melody voice marked *mf* and a bass line marked *5*. The fourth system (measures 26-34) features a melody voice marked *mp* and a bass line marked *5*. The fifth system (measures 35-39) features a melody voice marked *mf* and a bass line marked *5*. The sixth system (measures 40-45) features a melody voice marked *mf* and a bass line marked *5*. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings, as well as dynamic markings and articulation marks.

46

5 1 5 4 1 5 1

52

mf 1 5 4 3 1 5 2 4 1 3 1 *p*

5

Song No. 082
Tempo ♩=66

My Old Kentucky Home

なつかしきケンタッキーのわが家

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

4 3 1 1 3 3 1 2

mp

2 5 1 5

9/17 1 1

1.

19 4 3 4

mf

2.

24 1 1 1 4

mp

poco rit. *a tempo* *rit.*

2 5 1 5 2

Song No. 083
Tempo ♩ = 72

Loch Lomond

ロッホ・ローモンド

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

The musical score for "Loch Lomond" is presented in five systems, each with a piano (p) part on the left and a melody voice part on the right. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and fingerings.

System 1 (Measures 1-4): The piano part begins with a *mp* (mezzo-piano) dynamic. The melody voice part starts with a *mp* dynamic. Fingerings are indicated for both hands.

System 2 (Measures 5-8): The piano part continues with a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The melody voice part also features a *mf* dynamic. Fingerings are indicated for both hands.

System 3 (Measures 9-12): The piano part continues with a *mf* dynamic. The melody voice part also features a *mf* dynamic. Fingerings are indicated for both hands.

System 4 (Measures 13-16): The piano part continues with a *mf* dynamic. The melody voice part also features a *mf* dynamic. Fingerings are indicated for both hands.

System 5 (Measures 17-20): The piano part continues with a *mf* dynamic. The melody voice part also features a *mf* dynamic. The tempo marking *meno mosso* (less motion) appears above the piano part, and *poco rit.* (a little slower) appears above the melody voice part. The score concludes with a double bar line.

Song No. 084
Tempo ♩ = 92

Silent Night

きよしこの夜

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

9 2 *p*

13 5 4 3

18 2 4

23 3 *mf*

28 5 4 5

Deck the Halls

ひいらぎかざろう

Con moto

4 *mf* *marcato* 5 2

9/13 1 2 1 2 1 2 5

18 5 4 1 2 5

23/27 2 1 2 1 3

31 2 1 2 5 5

36 4 1 2 4 1 2 5 1 5

mp *p*

Song No. 086
Tempo ♩ = 72

O Christmas Tree

き
もみの木

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

4 1 2 4 2 1

9 3

13 3 4 1

17 1 2 3 2

Song No. 087
Tempo ♩=60

Sonata Pathétique 2nd Adagio Cantabile

ひそう だい がくしょう
ソナタ「悲愴」第2楽章

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Adagio cantabile

The musical score is written for piano (p) and consists of four systems of staves. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats) and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is Adagio cantabile, marked with a quarter note equal to 60 beats per minute. The score includes fingerings and articulation marks.

System 1 (Measures 5-8): The right hand begins with a half note G4, followed by a half note A4, and then a half note B4. The left hand plays a half note F3, followed by a half note E3, and then a half note D3. The tempo is marked *p*.

System 2 (Measures 9-12): The right hand continues with a half note C5, followed by a half note B4, and then a half note A4. The left hand plays a half note C3, followed by a half note B2, and then a half note A2. The tempo is marked *p*.

System 3 (Measures 13-16): The right hand continues with a half note G4, followed by a half note F4, and then a half note E4. The left hand plays a half note G2, followed by a half note F2, and then a half note E2. The tempo is marked *p*.

System 4 (Measures 17-20): The right hand continues with a half note D4, followed by a half note C4, and then a half note B3. The left hand plays a half note D3, followed by a half note C3, and then a half note B2. The tempo is marked *p*.

Song No. 088
Tempo ♩=70

Ave Maria/J. S. Bach - Gounod

グノーのアベ・マリア

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

The musical score is written for piano and melody voice. It consists of seven systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff for the piano and a single staff for the melody voice. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and fingerings. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *mp* (mezzo-piano), and *poco rit.* (a little slower). The score is numbered with measure numbers 5, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, and 36. The piano part features complex fingerings and slurs, while the melody voice part is more straightforward, often using slurs to connect phrases. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

5 *p* 1 5 2 4

11 *mp* 1 5 1 3

16 *p* 5 2 1 5 3 1 5 2 1 5 3 1 3

21 *cresc.* 4 5 5

26 *mp* *cresc.* 3 5

31 4 3 2 1 3 2 3

36 *p* 2 4 5 2 5 1

poco rit.

Song No. 089
Tempo ♩ = 62

Jesus bleibet meine Freude

しゅ ひと のぞ よろこ
主よ人の望みの喜びよ

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Religioso

The piano score is written for a grand piano in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It consists of six systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The tempo is marked 'Religioso' and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and fingerings. The dynamics range from *mp* (mezzo-piano) to *mf* (mezzo-forte). The piece concludes with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking.

5 *mp* 3 2 2 5 1 1 1 3 2 3 1 2 1 2 3 2

9 3 1 2 2 5 1 1 5 3 2 1 2 4 3 1 2 3 5 1

13 *mf* 2 1 3 2 3 4

17 3 1 1 5 1 3 1 5

21 *mp* 3 1 1 5 3 4

25 3 2 2 1 *rit.* 2 1 5

Song No. 090
Tempo ♩ = 66

Prelude op.28-15 "Raindrop"

あま ぜんそうきよく
雨だれの 前 奏 曲

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Sostenuto

5 *p* 2 5 1 2 3 2 3 2

9 4 1 4 1 2

14 1 3 3 2 4 5

19 1 3 3 2 3

24 *p* 3 4 5 3 1 3 1 5 4 5

28 4 3 3 5 1 4 1

poco rit.

Song No. 091
Tempo ♩ = 100

Nocturne op.9-2

やそうきょく だい ばん
夜 想 曲 第 2 番

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Andante

p dolce

mp

mf

espress.

37

43

49

poco rit. *a tempo*

54

59

poco rit.

65

a tempo *rit.*

Song No. 092
Tempo ♩ = 56

Etude op.10-3 "Chanson de L'adieu"

わか きょく
別れの 曲

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Lento, ma non troppo

4 1 3 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 2 3

p

3 1 5 5 3 3 5 3 5

simile

9 4 2 3 2 1 3 2 5 1

riten. a tempo

14 4 3 4 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5

cresc.

19 4 3 2 1 3 5 5 1 4 5 1

riten. ten. ff dim.

24 4 3 2 1 4 4 5 5 5 2 5

pp rall. smorz.

Song No. 093
Tempo ♩ = 70

Romanze (Serenade K.525)

アイネ・クライネ・ナハトムジーク 第2楽章

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Andante

The musical score is for the 2nd movement of 'Romanze (Serenade K.525)' by Franz Schubert. It is in 3/4 time, marked Andante. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score is written for piano and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and fingerings. Dynamics include piano (p) and forte (f). The piece ends with a double bar line.

System 1 (Measures 1-6): Treble staff starts with a half note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, and a half note B4. Bass staff starts with a half note C3, followed by a quarter note D3, and a half note E3. Dynamics: p (piano) at measure 1, f (forte) at measure 5.

System 2 (Measures 7-10): Treble staff continues with eighth notes. Bass staff continues with eighth notes. Dynamics: p (piano) at measure 10.

System 3 (Measures 11-13): Treble staff continues with eighth notes. Bass staff continues with eighth notes. Dynamics: p (piano) at measure 12.

System 4 (Measures 14-17): Treble staff continues with eighth notes. Bass staff continues with eighth notes. Dynamics: p (piano) at measure 14, f (forte) at measure 16.

System 5 (Measures 18-21): Treble staff continues with eighth notes. Bass staff continues with eighth notes. Dynamics: p (piano) at measure 18, rit. (ritardando) at measure 20.

Arabesque

アラベスク

Allegro scherzando

1. *p*
p leggiero
cresc.

6/14 1. 2.

19/35 *f*

24/40 *dim. e poco rall.* *p* *in tempo*

29/45 *cresc.* *p dolce* *ten.* 1.

50 2. *cresc.* *risoluto*

La Chevaleresque

きふじん じょうば
貴婦人の乗馬

Allegro marziale

1/9

5/13

17/25

21/29

33/41

37/45

49 $\begin{smallmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$

p

57 *p* *cresc.* *f*

5 1 1 2 4 1 4 2 5 1 3 4 2 5 1 3 4 1 5

4 3 2 1 2 1 2 3 4 3 4 1 5

61

p

cresc.

f

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' consists of two systems. The first system (measures 61-63) features a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The melody is marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The bass line is in the left hand, with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second system (measures 64-66) continues the melody and bass line, marked with a crescendo (*cresc.*) and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The melody is marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The bass line is in the left hand, with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

67

2 1 5 2 1

ff

Für Elise

エリーゼのために

Poco moto

-1/8

pp

5/13

17/31

22/36

28/42

46

51

2

5

2/4

1 2 3

55

1 3 4

1 3

3

59

2 3 4

4

2 5 1 2

64

4 4

2

5 5 1 2

70

3 3 4

4

5 5 3 2

76

Turkish March

こうしんきょく
トルコ行進曲

Alla turca
Allegretto

-1/8

5/13

18/34

23/39

28/44

48/56

52/60



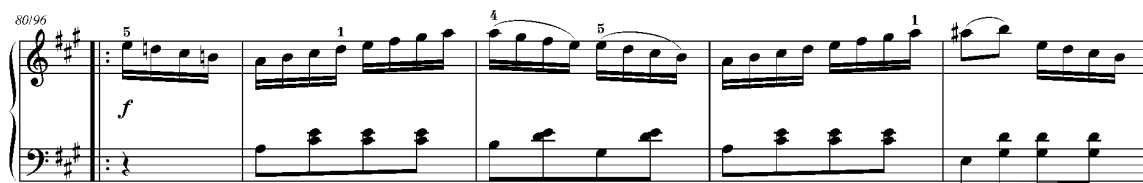
64/72



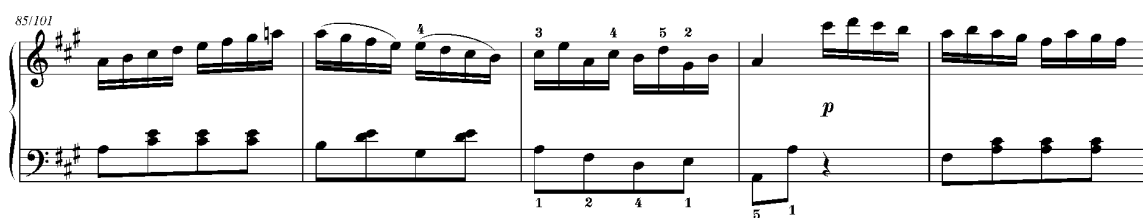
68/76



80/96



85/101



90/106



95/111

1 4 2

f

1 3

116/124

1. 2.

Coda

129

f

3 4

134

139

p

5 4

144

f

3

149

Musical score for measures 149-153. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The melody in the right hand features a series of eighth-note runs and chords. The bass line consists of a steady eighth-note pattern.

154

Musical score for measures 154-158. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The melody in the right hand includes dotted rhythms and eighth-note patterns. The bass line continues with eighth-note runs, ending with a final chord in measure 158.

Song No. 098
Tempo ♩ = 69

24 Preludes op.28-7

ぜんそくきょく さくひん
24の前奏曲 作品28-7

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Andantino

dolce
p

1 4 2 3 1 4

5 3 2

9 4 2 2 1 2

13 3 5 2 1 4 3 5

Red. * Red. * Red. *

Annie Laurie

アニー・ローリー

Andantino

mp

poco rit.

mf

p

a tempo

1.

mf

poco rit.

a tempo

2.

rit.

pp

Song No. 100
Tempo ♩ = 72

Jeanie with the Light Brown Hair

きんぱつ
金髪のジェニー

Melody Voice
Grand Piano

Moderato

The musical score is written for piano and features a melody voice part. It is in 2/4 time and consists of 16 measures. The score is divided into five systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The melody voice part is written in a single staff above the treble staff. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5. The tempo is marked 'Moderato' at the beginning. The score includes dynamic markings: *p* (piano), *mp* (mezzo-piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *poco rit.* (a little slower), *a tempo* (return to tempo), *meno mosso* (less motion), and *rit.* (ritardando). The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Measures 1-4: *p* (piano). Measures 5-8: *mp* (mezzo-piano). Measures 9-12: *mf* (mezzo-forte). Measures 13-16: *p* (piano). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5. The tempo is marked 'Moderato' at the beginning. The score includes dynamic markings: *p* (piano), *mp* (mezzo-piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *poco rit.* (a little slower), *a tempo* (return to tempo), *meno mosso* (less motion), and *rit.* (ritardando). The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Special Appendix / 特別付録

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108	ChdStd08	Chord Study 08	コードスタディ 08	123
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Special Appendix

Chord Studies 12 Songs—an Introduction to Chords

● What are Chords?

A chord is a group of notes, usually three or more, that produce harmony when sounded together. Developing an understanding of chords lets you play a wider variety of songs on instruments equipped with the style function.



● Let's Try Some Chords

Rather than try to explain how chords work, it's better to have an understanding of what the different chords sound like. Chord studies 1–7 show how to finger some of the more common chord types and give you a chance to hear what they sound like. Chord studies 8–12 show how to play some basic chord progressions. The more you play through the progressions the smoother your playing will get, so repeat often.



● How Did You Do?

We hope you found these chords and chord progressions interesting. Take this opportunity to play a variety of chords and hear what they sound like.

Spezieller Anhang

Akkordstudien 12 Songs – eine Einführung in Akkorde

● Was sind Akkorde?

Ein Akkord ist eine Gruppe von Noten bzw. Tönen, gewöhnlich drei oder mehr, die beim gleichzeitigen Spielen eine Harmonie erzeugen. Wenn Sie sich mit dem Gebrauch von Akkorden vertraut machen, können Sie auf Instrumenten mit Begleitautomatik (Style-Funktion) ein größeres Repertoire an Songs spielen.



● Probieren wir einige Akkorde aus

Anstelle einer theoretischen Erläuterung der Akkorde und ihrer Verwendung vermittelt ein tatsächliches Hören verschiedener Akkorde ein besseres Verständnis. Die Akkordstudien 1 bis 7 zeigen Ihnen, wie einige der häufiger verwendeten Akkordtypen gegriffen werden, wobei Sie auch hören können, wie die Akkorde klingen. Die Akkordstudien 8 bis 12 zeigen Ihnen, wie Sie einige grundlegende Akkordprogressionen spielen. Je öfter Sie die Progressionen durchspielen, um so gewandter wird Ihr Spiel. Üben Sie daher wiederholt.



● Wie war Ihr Spiel?

Wir hoffen, dass Ihnen die Akkorde und Akkordprogressionen gefallen haben. Ergreifen Sie die Gelegenheit, verschiedene Akkorde zu spielen und auch zu hören.

Étude d'accords 12 morceaux—un introduction aux accords

● Qu'est-ce qu'un accord ?

Un accord est un groupe de notes, habituellement trois ou plus, qui produit une harmonie quand elles sont jouées ensemble. Comprendre les accords vous permet de jouer une grande variété de morceaux sur les instruments équipés de la fonction de style.



● Essayons certains accords

Plutôt que d'essayer d'expliquer comment les accords fonctionnent, il est mieux de comprendre ce que donnent différents accords. Les études d'accords 1 à 7 vous montrent les doigts permettant d'obtenir les accords les plus courants et vous permettent d'entendre à quoi ils ressemblent. Les études d'accords 8 à 12 vous montrent comment jouer certaines progressions d'accords de base. Plus vous jouerez ces progressions, pour naturel paraîtra votre jeu. Alors répétez souvent.



● Comment ça s'est passé ?

Nous espérons que vous avez trouvé ces accords et ces progressions d'accords intéressants. Profitez de cette occasion pour jouer divers accords et écoutez ce qu'ils donnent.

Apéndice especial

Estudios de acordes 12 Canciones — una introducción a los acordes

● ¿Qué son los acordes?

Un acorde es un conjunto de notas, tres o más por lo general, que producen armonía cuando suenan al mismo tiempo. El desarrollo de la comprensión de los acordes le permitirá tocar una amplia variedad de canciones con instrumentos equipados con la función de estilo.



● Vamos a probar algunos acordes

En lugar de tratar de explicar el funcionamiento de los acordes, será mejor comprender cómo suenan diferentes acordes. Los estudios de acordes 1–7 muestran cómo se digitan algunos de los tipos más comunes de acordes y le brindarán la oportunidad de escuchar cómo suenan. Los estudios de acordes 8–12 muestran cómo se tocan algunas progresiones de acordes básicas. Cuantas más veces toque las progresiones, mayor será la facilidad que adquirirá para tocarlas, por lo que le aconsejamos que repita a menudo los ejercicios.



● ¿Cómo le ha salido?

Esperamos que estos acordes y progresiones de acordes le hayan parecido interesantes. Aproveche esta oportunidad para tocar varios acordes y escuchar cómo suenan.

特別付録

コードスタディ ～コードを体験する全12曲～

● コードって何？

3つ以上の音の組み合わせからなる響き（ハーモニー）のことです。コードを覚えると、本機搭載の「スタイル機能」を使って、いろいろな曲を簡単に弾けるようになります。



● 体験しよう！

難しい理屈を説明するより、まずは実際に音を出してコードの響きを体験してみましょう。

コードスタディの1～7では、「和音の響き」と「押さえかた」を体験しましょう。

コードスタディの8以降では、いくつかのコードを組み合わせた簡単なコード進行を体験してみましょう。コードの変更がスムーズにできるよう、くり返してチャレンジしてみましょう。



● いかがでしたか？

コードに興味を持っていただけましたか？

これを機会にさまざまな和音の響きを感じてみてください。

Chord Study 01

コードスタディ 01

- Play the C chord. Play in time with the rhythm.
- Greifen Sie den C-Akkord. Spielen Sie ihn passend zum Rhythmus.
- Jouez l'accord Do. Jouez avec entrain en respectant le rythme.
- Toque el acorde C (Do). Tóquelo siguiendo el ritmo.
- C (シー)というコードを覚えます。リズムに合わせてかっこよく弾きましょう。

Chord Study 02

コードスタディ 02

- Play the Dm chord. Playing the notes one by one with a strong feel creates a hard rock feel.
- Greifen Sie den Dm-Akkord. Starkes Betonen jeder einzelnen Note vermittelt ein Hardrock-Gefühl.
- Jouez l'accord Ré mineur. Jouez les notes une par une avec une sensation forte pour donner l'impression de hard rock.
- Toque el acorde Dm (Re menor). Si toca las notas una por una con ímpetu creará una sensación de rock duro.
- Dm (ディーマイナー)というコードを覚えます。ひとつひとつの音の力強さをイメージして弾くとハードロックの感じが出ます。

The musical score is written for Grand Piano in 2/4 time. It consists of two systems of music. The first system shows the Dm chord (F, C, G) in the bass clef, with the right hand playing a melody. The second system shows the Dm chord in the bass clef, with the right hand playing a melody. The score includes fingerings and dynamics markings.

Chord Study 03

コードスタディ 03

- Play the Em chord. Play along with this relaxing Bossa Nova rhythm.
- Greifen Sie den Em-Akkord. Spielen Sie ihn im Rhythmus dieses entspannten Bossa Nova.
- Jouez l'accord Mi mineur. Jouez-le accompagné du rythme reposant de Bossa Nova.
- Toque el acorde Em (Mi menor). Tóquelo con este relajante ritmo de Bossa Nova.
- Em (イーマイナー)というコードを覚えます。ボサノヴァのリズムに合わせて、ゆったりした気分で弾きましょう。

The musical score is written for piano and consists of three systems of music. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is marked as ♩ = 100.

System 1: The first system shows the Em chord (E3, G3, B3) in the right hand and the bass line (E2, G2, B2) in the left hand. The right hand has a melody line with a 2-measure rest, followed by a quarter note, and then a 3-measure rest. The left hand has a 2-measure rest, followed by a quarter note, and then a 3-measure rest. The Em chord is indicated above the first measure.

System 2: The second system shows the Em chord in the right hand and the bass line in the left hand. The right hand has a melody line with a 2-measure rest, followed by a quarter note, and then a 3-measure rest. The left hand has a 2-measure rest, followed by a quarter note, and then a 3-measure rest. The Em chord is indicated above the first measure.

System 3: The third system shows the Em chord in the right hand and the bass line in the left hand. The right hand has a melody line with a 2-measure rest, followed by a quarter note, and then a 3-measure rest. The left hand has a 2-measure rest, followed by a quarter note, and then a 3-measure rest. The Em chord is indicated above the first measure.

Chord Study 04

コードスタディ 04

- Play the F chord. Take note of and play along with the rhythmic cymbals that enter in the middle of the tune.
- Greifen Sie den F-Akkord und spielen Sie ihn im Rhythmus der Beckenklänge, die in der Mitte des Stücks einsetzen.
- Jouez l'accord Fa. Jouez avec entrain accompagné des cymbales rythmiques qui débutent au milieu de la musique.
- Toque el acorde F (Fa). Tome nota y toque junto con los platillos que empiezan a sonar en medio de la melodía.
- F (エフ)というコードを覚えます。途中からはシンバルのリズムに合わせて、かっこよく弾きましょう。

The musical score is divided into three systems, each with a piano (piano) part and a cymbal (cymbal) part. The piano part is written in treble and bass clefs, and the cymbal part is written in a single staff with a cymbal icon.

System 1: The piano part starts with a whole note F chord (F4, A4, C5) in the treble clef and a whole note F chord (F3, A2, C3) in the bass clef. The cymbal part has a whole note F chord (F4, A4, C5) in the treble clef and a whole note F chord (F3, A2, C3) in the bass clef. The tempo is marked as 110.

System 2: The piano part continues with a whole note F chord (F4, A4, C5) in the treble clef and a whole note F chord (F3, A2, C3) in the bass clef. The cymbal part has a whole note F chord (F4, A4, C5) in the treble clef and a whole note F chord (F3, A2, C3) in the bass clef.

System 3: The piano part continues with a whole note F chord (F4, A4, C5) in the treble clef and a whole note F chord (F3, A2, C3) in the bass clef. The cymbal part has a whole note F chord (F4, A4, C5) in the treble clef and a whole note F chord (F3, A2, C3) in the bass clef.

Chord Study 05

コードスタディ 05

- Play the G chord. Playing the notes a little shorter in the last half of the tune creates a march like feel.
- Greifen Sie den G-Akkord. Etwas kürzer gespielte Noten in der letzten Hälfte des Stücks vermitteln einen marschähnlichen Eindruck.
- Jouez l'accord Sol. Jouez les notes un peu plus courtes pour la deuxième partie du morceau pour créer une impression de marche.
- Toque el acorde G (Sol). Si toca las notas con una duración un poco más corta en la última mitad de la melodía creará una sensación de música de marcha.
- G (ジー)というコードを覚えます。後半からはマーチのリズムによって音を少し短めに切って弾くと、行進曲らしい軽快な演奏になります。

The musical score is written for piano and consists of three systems of music. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The first system (measures 1-5) shows a G chord (G4, B4, D5) in the right hand and a G chord (G3, B2, D3) in the left hand. The second system (measures 6-10) continues the G chord in the right hand and adds a bass line in the left hand. The third system (measures 11-15) continues the G chord in the right hand and adds a bass line in the left hand. The score includes fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and a '3' indicating a triplet in the first system. The final measure of the third system has a '2' indicating a half note.

Chord Study 06

コードスタディ 06

- Play the Am chord. This three beat rhythm creates a nice waltz feel.
- Greifen Sie den Am-Akkord. Dieser Dreiertakt-Rhythmus erzeugt ein angenehmes Walzergefühl.
- Jouez l'accord La mineur. Ce rythme à trois tons crée une impression de valse.
- Toque el acorde Am (La menor). Este ritmo de tres tiempos crea una hermosa sensación de vals.
- Am (エーマイナー)というコードを覚えます。3拍子のリズムです。ワルツの揺れる感じを大切に弾きましょう。

The musical score is written for piano in 3/4 time. It consists of three systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The first system (measures 1-4) shows the Am chord in various positions with fingerings. The second system (measures 5-8) shows the Am chord in different voicings. The third system (measures 9-12) shows the Am chord in different voicings, including a final measure with a whole note chord.

Chord Study 07

コードスタディ 07

- Play the Bm chord. Listen closely to the drum pattern and play the notes firmly matching the timing of each note with the drum rhythm.
- Greifen Sie den Bm-Akkord. Folgen Sie dem Schlagzeugrhythmus und spielen Sie die Noten im passenden Timing dazu.
- Jouez l'accord Si mineur. Écoutez attentivement le rythme de la batterie et jouez les notes fermement en faisant attention que chaque note corresponde au rythme de la batterie.
- Toque el acorde Bm (Si menor). Escuche atentamente el patrón de batería y toque las notas con firmeza haciendo que el ritmo de cada nota coincida con el ritmo de batería.
- Bm (ビーマイナー)というコードを覚えます。ゆったりとしたテンポに合わせて一音一音しっかりと力強く弾きます。ドラムのリズムをよく聞いて弾くと良いでしょう。

The musical score is for a Bm chord study. It is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score consists of two systems of piano and bass staves. The first system shows the Bm chord (B2, D3, F#3) in the piano part and a bass line in the bass part. The second system continues the bass line with triplets. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes.

Chord Study 08

コードスタディ 08

- This exercise uses major chords to familiarize yourself with playing chord progressions.
- Este ejercicio utiliza acordes mayores para que usted se familiarice con la interpretación de progresiones de acordes.
- Diese Übung basiert auf Dur-Akkorden und soll Ihnen helfen, sich mit dem Spielen von Akkordprogressionen anzufreunden.
- 長三和音（メジャーコード）を使って、コードの移動練習です。
- Cet exercice utilise les accords majeurs pour vous familiariser à jouer les progressions d'accords.

The musical score for Chord Study 08 is presented in three systems, each with a piano accompaniment staff and a melody staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4.

System 1 (Measures 1-5):

- Measure 1:** Piano staff has a whole note chord C (C4, E4, G4). Melody staff has a whole note C4.
- Measure 2:** Piano staff has a whole note chord C (C4, E4, G4). Melody staff has a whole note C4.
- Measure 3:** Piano staff has a whole note chord C (C4, E4, G4). Melody staff has a whole note C4.
- Measure 4:** Piano staff has a whole note chord D (D4, F#4, A4). Melody staff has a whole note D4.
- Measure 5:** Piano staff has a whole note chord D (D4, F#4, A4). Melody staff has a whole note D4.

System 2 (Measures 6-10):

- Measure 6:** Piano staff has a whole note chord C (C4, E4, G4). Melody staff has a whole note C4.
- Measure 7:** Piano staff has a whole note chord C (C4, E4, G4). Melody staff has a whole note C4.
- Measure 8:** Piano staff has a whole note chord C (C4, E4, G4). Melody staff has a whole note C4.
- Measure 9:** Piano staff has a whole note chord D (D4, F#4, A4). Melody staff has a whole note D4.
- Measure 10:** Piano staff has a whole note chord D (D4, F#4, A4). Melody staff has a whole note D4.

System 3 (Measures 11-14):

- Measure 11:** Piano staff has a whole note chord E (E4, G#4, B4). Melody staff has a whole note E4.
- Measure 12:** Piano staff has a whole note chord E (E4, G#4, B4). Melody staff has a whole note E4.
- Measure 13:** Piano staff has a whole note chord E (E4, G#4, B4). Melody staff has a whole note E4.
- Measure 14:** Piano staff has a whole note chord E (E4, G#4, B4). Melody staff has a whole note E4.

Fingering is indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, 5 above the notes. The piano staff uses a simplified notation for chords, with the root note and the interval 3/5 indicated.

Chord Study 09

コードスタディ 09

- This exercise uses minor chords to familiarize yourself with playing chord progressions.
- Diese Übung basiert auf Moll-Akkorden und soll Ihnen helfen, sich mit dem Spielen von Akkordprogressionen anzufreunden.
- Cet exercice utilise les accords mineurs pour vous familiariser à jouer les progressions d'accords.
- Este ejercicio utiliza acordes menores para que usted se familiarice con la interpretación de progresiones de acordes.
- 短三和音（マイナーコード）を使って、コードの移動練習です。

The musical score for Chord Study 09 is written for piano. It is in the key of one sharp (F#) and 4/4 time. The score is divided into three systems. The first system shows a piano introduction with a 2-measure rest in both staves, followed by chords Em, Dm, Em, and Dm. The second system shows a melody in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand, with chords Em, Dm, and Em. The third system shows a melody in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand, with chords Dm and Em.

Chord Study 10

コードスタディ 10

- This song is in G minor. Try playing the chord progression along with this Tango rhythm.
- Dieser Song ist in G-Moll gehalten. Versuchen Sie, die Akkordprogression in diesem Tango-Rhythmus zu spielen.
- Ce morceau est en sol mineur. Essayez de jouer cette progression d'accords accompagnée d'un rythme de tango.

- Esta canción es en G (Sol) menor. Trate de tocar la progresión de acordes junto con este ritmo de tango.
- ト短調 (G Minor/ジーマイナー) の曲です。タンゴのリズムに合わせて、いろいろなコードを弾いてみましょう。

The musical score is written for piano and consists of five systems of music. Each system includes a treble and bass staff joined by a brace. The key signature is G minor (two flats: Bb and Eb). The tempo is marked as ♩=100. The rhythm is a tango, characterized by a 2/4 time signature and a specific rhythmic pattern indicated by the notes and rests.

System 1 (Measures 1-5): The first measure has a whole note Gm chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The second measure has a whole note F chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The third measure has a whole note Gm chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The fourth measure has a whole note F chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The fifth measure has a whole note Gm chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff.

System 2 (Measures 6-9): The first measure has a whole note Eb chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The second measure has a whole note D chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The third measure has a whole note Eb chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The fourth measure has a whole note D chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff.

System 3 (Measures 10-13): The first measure has a whole note Gm chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The second measure has a whole note F chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The third measure has a whole note Gm chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The fourth measure has a whole note F chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff.

System 4 (Measures 14-16): The first measure has a whole note Eb chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The second measure has a whole note Gm chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The third measure has a whole note D chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff.

System 5 (Measures 17-20): The first measure has a whole note D chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The second measure has a whole note Gm chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The third measure has a whole note D7 chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff. The fourth measure has a whole note Gm chord (5 3 1) in the bass staff.

Chord Study 11

コードスタディ 11

- This song is in A major. Practice this common chord progression set to a nice waltz feel.
- Dieser Song ist in A-Dur gehalten. Üben Sie diese gewöhnlichen Akkordprogression mit ihrem lieblichen Walzer-Feel ein.
- Ce morceau est en la majeur. Répétez cette progression d'accords ordinaire et laissez-vous entraîner par cette impression de valse.
- Esta canción es en A (La) mayor. Ensaye esta progresión de acordes común preparada para crear una agradable sensación de vals.
- イ長調 (A Major/エーメジャー)の曲です。
3拍子のリズムにのって、よく使われる和音の流れを練習しましょう。

1 A D

9 A^(onE) E7 A

13 D

17 A^(onE) E7 A

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